# MISSION TO THE WEST



THE COVER: The Japanese characters on the cover are taken from the ancient name for Japan, "Great Harmony," and denote teamwork, reconciliation, harmony.

### MISSION TO THE WEST

The following pages tell the story of the recent mission of senior Japanese leaders to the Western Democracies. What the mission achieved in bringing a new ideological unity between East and West has been described by one of the Prefectural Governors on the trip as "more important than a peace treaty."

#### MORAL RE-ARMAMENT

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## IN SEARCH OF AN IDEOLOGY

THINTEEN days before North Korean forces crossed the thirty-eighth parallel, the most representative delegation of Japanese to leave Japan since World War II stepped aboard the Philippine airliner "Mindoro." They were off on an ideological mission to the West.

Prime Minister Shigeru Yoshida, addressing the leaders of the delegation at a farewell luncheon in Tokyo, declared: "In 1870 a representative group of Japanese travelled to the West. On their return they changed the course of Japanese life. 1 believe that when this delegation returns you, too, will open a new page in our history."

Sixty-two strong, the delegation included seven of Japan's 49 prefectural governors, Dict members representing the government and opposition parties, top level industrialists and labor leaders, the mayors of Kobe and Nagano, and of atom-bombed Hiroshima and Nagasaki.

Their destination: The World Assembly for Moral Re-Armament at Caux-sur-Montreux in Switzerland.

Their purpose: To seek an ideology big enough to put democracy on the offensive in the war of ideas, and to find in this time of crisis an answer to communism that can unite East and West.

The delegation followed closely the footsteps of the pioneers of 1870. They went first to Switzerland, then to Italy, Germany, France, Britain and the United States.

They were present at Mountain House, Caux, Switzerland, at the time of an industrial conference called by the labor and management leadership of many lands, and led by Dr. Frank Buchman, the initiator of Moral Re-Armament. There they met with delegates from 47 countries and all continents.

At Caux, and later in their visits to other countries in Europe, the Japanese saw French and Germans shed the hatred of generations, as both apologized for the revenge in their hearts.

They saw communists and capitalists – who had come to Caux as enemies – together discover a new ideology.

One American manufacturer said: "I saw former professional revolutionaries from many lands, former advocates of hate and class war, hold out their hands in friendship and find a new kind of teamwork with management when both became kindled with the ideology of Moral Re-Armanent."

Mr. Chojiro Kuriyama, representing the majority party in the Japanese Diet, reported: "We came here in search of the true content of democracy. We have found the ideology which can feed democracy in Japan and at the same time can be a powerful answer to communism."



CAUX

The Mayors and Governors of Hiroshima and Nagasaki

DESTINATION: Caux-sur-Montreux, 3000 feet above Lake Geneva







COMMUNISTS FIND A BIGGER IDEA: Willie Benedens: lieft), Ruhr miners loadar who was a communist mare than 20 years, and Hermann Stoffmehl (right), former German cammunist official, talk with Jack Manning, British dock worker. They told the Japanese hey found at Caux an ideology that satisfied their deepest longings and changed both capitalist and Marxist alike on the basis of absolute moral standards. IN THE last five years the Caux Assemblies have been attended by:

30,000 delegates from 104 countries:

68 independent nations and 36 colonial and mandated territories.

10 Prime Ministers and Minister-Presidents, and 93 Cabinet Ministers.

Over 400 Members of Parliament, including 31 Members of the United States Congress.

120 representatives of countries behind the Iron Curtain.

Over 300 Muslims from 20 nations in the Near and Far East.

480 delegates from the fourteen countries of the Far East.

Labor and trade union leaders representing over forty million organized workers.

Student leaders from over 80 universities.

THE GERMAN DELEGATION ARTIVES: Left to Right, Max. Steech and Mr. Anton Storch, Federal Minister of Labar, West Germany; Mr. Chojirs Kuriyama, representing the Government Party in the Japanese Diet who met the plane; Mr. Hann Dütting, Director of the Gelsenkirchen Ceal Company, which employs 82,000 Ruhr coal miners.





Japanese delegates on the platform with Dr. Buchman.



ITALIAN INDUSTRY CAME IN FORCE: Dr. Angelo Costa, president of the executive board of the Italian Confederation of Industry with members of the executive board at Caux.





At Caux the Japanese found unexpected opportunities for teamwork.

## SWITZERLAND

$$\begin{split} & \textbf{G}_{\text{ENERAL}} \text{MacArthuk has called} \\ & \text{Japan the Switzerland of the Far} \\ & \text{East. Switzerland opened its heart to} \\ & \text{its distinguished visitors with receptions by the President and Chancellor} \\ & \text{of the Swiss Confederation, and the} \\ & \text{Mayors of Geneva, Zurich and Berne.} \end{split}$$

The Swiss press carried the President's message to the delegation: "You have had the terrible experience of the atom bomb. This has ushered in a new era with appalling possibilities unless the ideas of moral re-armament receive world-wide adoption."



Swiss school children sing for the Japanese delegation. Mayor Hiroshi Ohashi gives them souvenirs of Nagasaki os their train halts at a station.

Max Petitpierre, President of the Swiss Confederation (left), receives the delegates in Bern,





SWISS WELCOME: The delegates are received at Geneva by the President of the International Committee of the Red Cross.

At the Reformation Monument, Geneva.

The Mayor of Rome, Salvatore Rebbechini, hears the song "Italia" at Caux. He welcomed Japanese to the Eternal City.

## ITALY

[8] FTAY, like Japan defcated in the war and faced with similar problems of moral and physical reconstruction, many groups and oficials welcomed the Japanese visitors. Among those greeting members of the delegation were the Minister of Labor, the Mayor of Rome and the President and directors of the Italian Confederation of Industry.

Delegates also were received in special audience by His Holiness Pope Pius XII. They are shown below after their audience. In the foreground are Governor and Mrs. Sugiyama of Nagasaki, where Catholic missionaries first set foot in Japan.







Dr. Adenauer talks with Parliamentary and Prefectual leaders. Left to right, Mr. Tokutara Kiamum, former Minister of Finance (Democratic Party); Mr. Tokuyasu Pukuda, Liberal Party Diet Member; Governer Quanu Aoki of Mie Prefecture; Mr. Katnuji Nakajima, on the securitive of the Light Metal Workers Linnion; Mr. Yatushiru Nakasone, Democratic Member of the Diet; and Dr. Adenauer.



The United States High Commissioner, Mr. John J. McClay, receives the Japanese delegation.

High Commissioner McCloy and Mr. Kuriyama.

AT BONN, Western Germany's capital, U. S. High Commissioner John J. McCloy and Chancellor Konrad Adenauer held receptions for the delegates.

Dr. Adenauer, who himself had visited Caux with his family, paid tribute to the outstanding contribution to social justice and international understanding made by Dr. Frank Buchman. He welcomed the opportunity for this renewal of friendship between the two countries.

Dr. Kurt Schumacher of the Social Democratic Party and leader of the Opposition, also received the Japanese.

In the vital Rufr area, Germany's former war arsenal and now the key to her part in the Schuman Plan for strengthening Western Europe, the delegates participated in many meetings. They met with workers, with industrialists, with youth groups, housewives, and government officials.

With former German communits leaders, who had found in MRA the real classless society they had sought and failed to find in Marxism, the Japanese discussed their responsibilities towards bringing their defeated countries back into the family of nations.





DOCKS FOR THE RUHR'S COAL: Cities in the Ruhr such as Duisburg, Düsseldarf, Essen and Gelsenkirchen joined with other German cities in playing host to the delegation.



Governor Bunzo Akama of Oseka signs the visitor's book in Berlin. At right is Mayor Ernst Reuter.



(Right) In front of the Russian War Memorial, their backs to a young Russian goard with Joamy yan, are Mr. Yuichi Yaras Lenteri, President of the Yaras Battery Company, Governer Banas Akama (right), and Mr. Takyross Fakuda Lieft, Member of the House of Representatives (Dielt, Member of the House of Representatives (Dielt, The memorial stands in the British Zone of Beelin.

(Below) At the Brandenburg Gate. A red flag flies just beyond the British Zone.

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# **NEUE RUHR-ZEITUNG**

### Japan und Deutschland haben heute die gleichen Sorgen

"Wir fühlen uns hier wie zu Hause" - NRZ-Interview mit prominenten Mitgliedern der japanischen Studiengruppe

NEZ E z e e n. Eme jeposische Delegation von 77 Parimentamipliciere, Posvinproversourer, Gewerkschaftern auf Kommenfachfenter, die an einer Topping Poregusge für zweichliche Auflichter in Gauer Heighen auf der hertitt gemeinter, Auflichter Topping für Gauer Heighensten auf, Auflicht zuch wie sweige der Wordenahmen geweichen Internehmen Nerthelogendie und -gemöhrne sweige der Wordenahmen geweichen Internehmen Nerthelogendie und -gemöhrne sweige des Wordenahmen geweichten Internehmen Sterkeisgendie und -gemöhrne

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dona in so verkählisskottig kurner Zastin Land mat ansinkaristichköngerästimperiatuläisehen Tradiossen sick in eintoefiches Baukevenen mit einer gebrang verwandeln kunste, eine Batharerhon, der den europäisches Bescharer vie vor erbes Belghens die Wandlinge die weltageschlossen mit die Veraflicher erkeltungen Frodelstaten in einer erkeltungen Frodelstaten ist.

Hier achainte sich Herr Torso Heyashi, Gouvenneur der Philekter Napaso und Direkter der Berinkongenisation des ja-Biachan Roten Kreutes im Napato-Darrikt philitelipant, ein. Die rachte Denekratischnigten als durch die Polge anduere Nationaleigenechstlies der Japannt.

Wir grussen die Leter der Neuern Ruhr Zeitung

Toras Hayashi TORAO HAYASHI

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Anto an cross score

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slitze noch mitten in einer powiesen ideologischen Übergangskrise beliade und dat noch große Schwiesijskeiten zu überveinden sein wieden. Der kommunistische Enfluß in der Gewerkschaften sei inwere noch bedratend und nicht ohne Gelahs. Statk kom-

Der kommunisische Binflich in der Gewerkschaften ein jungen zuch kedermunisisch versentich einen besonders der Biologik der sahlowich Furerhammen-Gewerkschaft und der Verland des Perikennen eine 2000 Angebreichen Eihiede Vogel-Straub-Pellitik betretiben, in Japan, weitent der kennenzistlichen, jeffe Bedereing des kommunisienten zusiderdem piech strate gekannten zumischerten eine Ausgebreichen zuberbereichten eine Berteilten zugebreichten eine Berteilten zubereichten eine Berteilten zubereichten eine Berteilten zugebreichten eine Berteilten zugebreichten eine Berteilten zugebreichten eine Berteilten zugebreichten eine Berteilten zuberteilten zugebreichten eine Berteilten der Berteilten eine Berteilten zugebreichten eine Berteilten zugebreichten eine Berteilten zuberteilten zugebreichten eine Berteilten zugebreichten eine Berteilten zuberteilten zuberteilt

temppareies, unterschlatzer, Der dersnige Finzer- und Verkehrsminister Kitterune gab schließlich ein Bild der harpnächlichen Wittschafteprobleme Japans, in deren Minstjunkt, wie er aufe, die Exportinger schle. Ohne Export könne Japan nicht leben, aber ehen dieser Laberinterv soll fürch die Nachkriegsloigen ernstlich bedioht.

Export - Japans Lebensnerv Jopan verlor nach dem Kifege wordrelle Eulaistifbasen, der Maschinospark



Aus der Stadt Essen

#### Prominenter Besuch aus Japan:

Hiroshima-Oberbürgermeister weilt in Essen Mit ihm 88 Weltstaaten-Vertreter — Empfang durch Dr. Toussaint

Der Korea-Krieg und halb bender werden ... Shunno Hamai, 46jahrig und seil 1947 Oberbürgermettler von Hensahma, aufeil der Kalten wichte der Gelich krieft deranswürt haben im unserer Stadt die Autenwürte haben im Unserer Stadt die Autor der Gelich Krieft deranswählt die Krieft deransunder die Kalten und die sich im Beite Statten im Statten auf die dankelikastige Hamai wies auf zeite dankelikastige Hamai wies auf zeite dankelikastige Hamai wie auf Beiten und die Statten auf die sich im Beiten auf die sich auf die sich

ICH GROSSE DIE LESER DER ESSENER ALLGE. HEINEN ZEITONG: 廣島市長 瘤井信三

Shinzo Hamai, Oberbürgermeister von Hiroshima, grüßt mit diesen bizarren Zeichen (seinem Namenszog) unsere Leser.

## DÜSSELDORFE

### "Wir sind fi 90 japanische und südafrikanis c

Pünktlich um 11 Uhr erschien Düsseldorfs Oberbürgermeister Gockeln auf dem Fluoplatz Lohausen, um die japanischen und südafrikanischen Gäste zu begrüßen, die - von der Weltkonferenz für "Moralische Aufrüstung" in Caux kommend - der Landeshauptstadt einen Becuch abstatteten. Und doch kam Gockeln zu spälj besser: die Gäste kamen zu früh. Ihr Sonderflugzeug der "Swiss Air" war zwanzig Minuten vor der vorgeschenen Zeit gelandet. Vielleicht hatte es "Rückenwind", vielleicht hatte die Organisation in Zürich besser geklappt als bei weniger disziplinierten Reisegesellschaften, vielleicht aber zog es die Töch-ter und Söhne Nippons mit Macht nach Deutschland? Denn, so versicherten sie, sie freuten sich nach Deutschland zu kommen, "indas Land der Schwestern und Brüder gleichen Leides".

#### Brüderlich beim Wiederaufbau

Als Beaultragier des japanischen Premisministers Vohlde wande sich Choirie Kuriyman, ein Minjied des Jepanischen Bepälenund ausländschen Prosevertreiter. So wie Japan und Deutschland disander verwandt bieferligt einen geneinsame Beiterigt nicht des sicher um Wiederaufbau der Welt. Die Japatieten zum Wiederaufbau der Welt. Die Japatieten zum Wiederaufbau der Welt. Die Japaticzus, sie sie auch beseitt von dem Geist der Aberalischen Aufrätung<sup>1</sup> Premierminister aufligt auftragt auf dem Kreigt- ein Takle in



### Japaner für Erfahrungsaustausch

Sechzehnköpfige Delegation beim Bundeskanzler

Von unserem Bonner Büre

F.K. Bonn - Bundeskanzler Dr. Ade- I nauer empfing am Donnerstag eine sechzehnköpfige japanische Delegation von Politikern, Beamten und Abgeordneten. Sie gehören zu den 70 japanischen Vertretern der Konferenz für moralische Aufrüstung, die sich seit drei Wochen in Caux aufhalten.

Uber den Besuch beim Bundeskanzler

Japaner, die von einer zweiwöchigen Tagung in Caux kamen, Oberbürger-meister Gockeln und Oberstadtdirektor Dr. Hensel eingefunden. Anschließend an einen Besuch bei Bundeskanzler Dr. Adenauer in Bonn werden die Göste im Ruhrgebiet Industriewerke besichtigen und neue Verbindungen mit Industrie und Wirtschaftskreisen anknüpfen. Dann wollen sie nach Berlin

## FER 🖳 STADTPOST

## froh, in Deutschland zu sein"

us che Gäste von der "Moralischen Aufrüstung" landen in Lohausen

Entscheidendes mitbringen auf dem Gebiet atz einer moralischen, geistig-seelischen Erholung iriund Stärkung, solle sich auswirken auf des japanische Volk in allen seinen Schichten.

#### Japanische Alltäglichkeiten

cn

zu Mr. Kutiyama beantwortete eine unandliche Ihr Reihe von Einzellragen, und wieder hatten wir Gelegenheit zu beobachten, daß die überzeugten Anhänger der "Moralischen Aufrüstung tht von einer geradezu verblüffenden Aufge-36schlossenheit und Aufrichtigkeit sind. Die Antworten wurden von Chojiro Kuriyama, von Japans chemaligem Finanzminister, Tokutaro Kitamura, und von dem Vorsitzenden der japasie nischen Metallarbeiter-Gewerkschaft, Matsuji ine Makajima, gegeben, Es geht, wie bei einem Kreuzverhör, bunt durcheinander: Zwar sind in Japan jetzt auch viele Gehrauchsgüter freis aber noch immer sind die wichtigsten Nahrungsmittel rationiert - schmerzlich spürbar vor allem bei Reis. Der Lohn eines Metall-37. rifacharbeiters entspricht bei etwa 10000 Yen :ndem Betrag von rund 30 Dollar und wird er zu 85 Prozent für die Ernährung benötigt. Aber rie | wir haben in Caux den Geist gespürt, aus dem ch heraus ein guter Arbeiterführer wirken muß", sagte uns voller Hoffnung und Arbeitsfreude Matsuii Makajima.

#### Fo gen der Atombombe

Schließlich gelang es uns, der Oberbürgermeister der beiden Städte Nagasaki, Hiroshi Chashi, und Hiroshima, Shinso Hamai, habhalt



### Der Besuch aus Japan

#### VON CAUX INS RUHRCERIET

FH. Ein altes japanisches Sprichwort sogt: "Die Kirschblüte ist die beste der Blüten." Darf man daran in dieser Stunde erinnern, da 89 Gaste aus dem Lande der aufgehenden Sonne von der Tegung der Moralischen Aufrüstung in Caux hierher ins Ruhrgebiet zu uns gekommen sind? Sie wollen in einem lebendigen Gedankenaustausch sehen, wie die Entwicklungslinien hier verlaufen. Nicht uferlose Schwärmerei und nicht ein Verlieren in eine verspielte Romantik sprechen aus dem eingangs zu erschütterndes Rewußtsein, daß Werden und Verochen nur die ewior Kette des Lebens bilden. Auch die schöne Blüte der Kirsche - zart und und doch so dahingetragen vom Wind - folgt nur ihrer Bestimmung zu werden, zu schweilen und wieder dahinzugehen, wenn ihre Zeit ge kommen ist, Nicht uferlose Schwär merei und verspielte Romantik auch habon jene Gaste aus dem Fernen Osten zu der weltweiten Aussprache nach Caux und von dort unmittelbar in das pulsierende Leben des Ruhrgebietes geführt. Es ist vielmehr die Gewißheit, daß nach dem Leid, das über die Menschheit gekommen ist, der Weg gesucht werden muß zu einem neven Neben- und Miteinander einem neden Nobelt- und Mittelinander der Menschen und - der Völker. Es ist achtzig Jahre her, dall zum erstenmal eine größere japanische Wirtschaftsdelegation nach Europa kam. Die Eindrücke, die jene Männer 1870 erhielten, haben entscheidend zu der damals einsetzenden Industrialisierung



Mr. and Mrs. Yasutane Sohma visit Notre Dame Cathedral. Mrs. Sohma's father, Yukio Ozaki, gave the cherry trees to Washington.

STRATER from the ideological battleground of Germany the Japanexe delegation was carried by chartered Stratocruiser to Paris in time for the Bastille Day celebrations. Members of the Diet were invited to the official box of President Auriol for the Bastille Day Parade on the Champs Elysees, where they were welcomed by the Ministers of Labor and of Reconstruction.

At the Quai d'Orsai representatives of Foreign Minister Schuman received them and arranged for their visits to the historic centers of French culture – Versailles, the Academie Française, Notre Dame, the Louvre. At the French National Assembly they were received by deputies and a representative of the Prime Minister. The Mayor of Paris entertained the group in the historic City Hall.

## FRANCE

### UN ENTRETIEN AVEC LE MAIRE DE HIROSHIMA Le nombre véritable des victimes de la bombe atomique très supérieur aux chiffres officiels

a dû dépasser deux cent mille

Le Monde

The Mayor of Hiroshima declared in an interview in Le Monde, leading French newspaper:

"What we need is moral rearmament. Without a revolution in the heart of every Japanese, and indeed in the hearts of men everywhere, the world will perish, and every city will be threatened with the awful destruction that Hiroshima received."

See article at right.

 Je voudnik que des milliors é basemes estatoit la voit des habitests de Microhima quand ils disent : il ne dou plas y evrie de guerra. La guerra senit la fin de la diviliantiae par mille de l'emplei de la bonhes de la diviliantiae des armes semblishes. L'applica tour atteness cances cell. Mais sensi contre l'aspande cella divisione complete sui dans la monda. »

Aloni parte M. Shinoo Hamai, maire de Hirushima et internet recorde de la benhe alassinge, Me recerant à l'occàsion d'unt réunion de la delégation paposaige à la conference du réarisectivit metal — qui s'est tenue récemment à Conze, — c'est devant un beau jardin municipaux qui, bien loin da centre, dana des harques de la banieur épargnés, nous avaient reçus avoc un groupe d'Américaus qu'ils accuellaient sans banes

The secrets do is next follow avail 1 konvertee of min. Color repeating on provide the secret of the secret of the property of the secret of the secret of the property of the secret of the secret of the management of the secret of the secret of the management of the secret of the secret of the management of the secret of the secret of the management of the secret of the secret of the management of the secret of the secret of the management of the secret of the secret of the management of the secret of the secret of the management of the secret of the secret of the management of the secret of the secret of the management of the secret of the secret of the management of the secret of the secret of the secret of the management of the secret of the s







## BRITAIN

### THE OBSERVER

### Japanese 'Change of Heart'

The Japanese delegates who have been attending the World Assembly for Moral Rearmannent in Switzerland issued a statement, before their departure, through Mr., Chojiro Kuriyama, of the Prime Minister's Party, and Mr., Tokutaro Kitamura, of the Democratic Party.

Party. We hope in future as a nation," the statement said, "to show by our deeds that we have found a change of heart and that we can make our contribution to the remaking of the world.

"Russin has advanced in Asia because the Soviet Government undervands the art of ideological war. It fights for the minds of men, we appeal to the Governments and peoples of the West to do the sameto make themselves expert in the philosophy and practice of moral rearmament, which is the ideology of the future. Then all Asia will listen."

Governor Hattori of Shiga with Mrs. Sugiyama and Mrs. Mitsui in London.



OUT OF HIROSHIMA – A SYMBOL OF HOPE: The Mayor of Hiroshima presents to the Lord Mayor of London a cross carved from the wood of a 400-yearold camphor tree, planted at the time of the founding of the city. The outside of the tree was destroyed by the bomb but the heart of it was still sound.

Arriving at a time when the British government debated additional support for land troops fighting in Korea, the delegates had private talks with members of the Government and leaders of the Opposition in both the House of Lords and the House of Commons.



A visit to the Dunlop Rubber Company.

"An andiance of 1500 tolved the difficulty of packing into the 900 capacity West Ham Town Hall by some of them sitting an the floor and an the talin. More people listened at the windows. The occesion was a mass meeting for Maral&A-Anament at which the Japaness delegation in Subian met talvic leaders and trade wind michais." — The Fersing Standard, London





(Above) Chief Suzuki of Osaka's Metropolitan Police compares notes with London bobbies.

(Below) The Vice Chancellor of Oxford University received the visitors in Peckwater Quad, Christ Church. They saw the room in which the work of Frank Buchman began in the University.



Tryqve Lie (center) expresses the hope at the United Nations that Japan can soon re-enter the family of nations, Mr. Kitamura (left) a leader of the Democratic Party in Japanese Diet, responds, On his right is Mr. Kuriyama, representing the Prime Minister's party.

#### NEW YORK HERALD TRIBUNE

## The U. N. Yesterday

Tuesday, July 25, 1950

India Sees 'Disaster' in South Africa Segregation Bill: 53 M. R. A. Japanese Back Korea Stand

INDIANS-India charged that | treatment of Indians in South South Africa's new group areas bill, calling for setting aside



areas for exclusive occupation by single racial groups, was "primarily aimed at Indians in the Union of South

Africa, who, being mainly engaged in trade and business in various parts of the world, would thus be faced with disaster." The Indian complaint, signed by Sir Benegal N. Rau, chief U. N. delegate, backed India's request for Assembly discussion of treatment of Indians in South Africa, Despite 1946, 1947 and 1949 Assembly debates, the position of Indians in South Africa has only "deteriorsted," the Indian asserted. The complain called for the Assembly to take "appropriate steps to insure that the Africa conforms to the principles and the purposes of the charter of the U. N. and the declaration of human rights."

JAPAN - Former Japanese Minister Tokutaro Kitamura indorsed the U. N. fight against the North Korean Communist aggressors. He acted as spokesman for fifty-three Japanese government and industrial leaders who visited U. N. headquarters en route home from a moral rearmament conference in Switzerland.

ISRAEL-Moshe A. Tov, of the Israeli U. N. delegation, left New York on a special mission to South and Central America. He will meet government leaders in seventeen countries and will represent Israel as Ambassador at the inauguration off General Manuel Odria, as President of Peru. Mrs. Toy will accompany him

# THE UNITED NATIONS

Jux 25, 1950: Dr. Arne Sunde of Norway. President of the Security Council, was a grave man as he sat down at the head of a "U" shaped table in a paneled conference room at United Nations Headquarters at Lake Success. In three hours he was to step into the Security Council meeting. There he knew he would find an empty chair, that of Russia. There, too, he knew he would hear the first report of General Douglas MacArthur on the invasion of South Korea.

The occasion was the reception at the United Nations of the delegation from Japan. The group had already been welcomed by Mr. Trygve Lie, Secretary General of the U. N. who had expressed the hope that their country would soon be accepted back into the family of nations.

Seated at Dr. Sunde's left was Mr. Tokuysau Fukuda, representing the majority party in the Diet. Around the table, a microphone at each place, were the rest of the delegation. Dr. Sunde joined Mr. Lie in welcoming the group, reinforcing the sentiments expressed earlier in the day by Anbassador Warren R. Austin, United States Representative to the United Nations, who told the group:

"You can assist greatly in stopping aggression in the Orient and building the foundation of a great peace that will envelop the



**Unternational News Photo** 

Ambassador Warren R. Austin greets delegates prior to addressing them at the United States Mission to the United Notions. Interducing him to the Mayor of Hiroshima is Mr. H. Kenasten Twitchell of Washington who accompanied the group frem Japan.

earth by building up your country through unifying the people of Japan. You exemplify in your own ranks that unity which is an essential ingredient of democracy. You have these great democratic principles which are the foundations of peace. On these foundations you will make your own contributions sud ultimately. I feel certain, you will be welcomed into the U. N."

Mr. Fukuda, replied for the visitors: "Japan was the first nation to walk out of the League of Nations. My country now wants to do everything possible to make up for that by learning how to take our part in the world family."

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On the steps of New York's City Hall after their reception.

[N Naw Yoas Cirry the visitors were received at the City Hall, at the Stock Exchange and at a luncheon at the Bankers Club where Governor Thomas E. Dewey's representative welcomed them on behalf of the State of New York. At Ebbetts Field, Brooklyn, they saw the Brooklyn Dodgers come from behind to be at the Cleveland Indians.





Vice President Allom W. Barkley and Sander H. Alexander Smith (Hrl) with the delogation before velocating the Members of the Dirt to the Senset Boor. Second the origits it RK. Charles Karlson and Second Second Second Second Second Dirt Vice addressed the Sensets from the restrum. Other Dirt annubers shown with MR. Barkley are Mr. Shinkii Haydoon Medagane (Democratic), Revendance Second Medagane (Democratic), Revendance Second Second

THE JAPANESE delegation arrived in Washington at a time when ideological issues in Asia – underscored by U. S. retreats in Korea – were foremost in the minds of Congressmen seeking a fresh approach to Pacific problems.

A few days earlier, Senator H. Alexander Smith of New Jersey had declared in the Senate: "Members on both sides of the aisle have voiced the need for a moral mobilization, a Marshall Plan of ideas, a Voice of America really strong enough to win the battle for the minds and hearts of men..."

In Washington, the delegation was received by both Houses of Congress, the Supreme Court and the State Department. Vice-President Alben Barkley, in company with Senators Tom Connally, H. Alexander Smith, Ralph Flanders and A. Willis Robertson, welcomed members of the Diet to the floor of the Senate and invited Mr. Kuriyama to speak in their behalf.

"... It is our sincere regret that Japan has broken almost a century-old friendship between our two countries," sid Mr. Kuriyama. "In spite of this big mistake on our part, the magnanimous forgiveness and generosity of America not only have allowed Japan to survive, but are helping her recovery.

"... Now we are here to study the true heritage of great America. I feel that it



# **Congressional Record**

United States of America PROCEEDINGS AND DEBATES OF THE 81st CONGRESS, SECOND SESSION

Senate (Legislative day of Thursday, July 20, 1950)

### Visit of the Japanese Delegation to the United States

Proceedings in the Senate of the United States, July 24, 1950

ADDRESS

#### HON. H. ALEXANDER SMITH

OF NEW JEASET

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr. SMITH of New Jersey. Mr. President, it gives me great pleasure to call the attention of the Senate to a most unusual and important opportunity which we in Washington will have the latter part of this week.

The largest and most representative group of Japanese leaders of government, industry, finance, and labor to leave that country since the war will be arriving here on Thurnday, July 27; and it has been arranged that we will have the privilege of receiving them in this Chamber on Priday, July 28. These guests of ours are the democratic leadness of millions of Japanese, whose reactions to current developments in Korne, whose understanding of our aims and objectives in the words, and expectably in the Far Back, and whose continued logative for the frandamental freedoms for which our men are fighting absoncied other builted Nations forces, constitute a vital accurity factor in our whole position on the other side of the Paulin.

The members of a Sensate Feetjan Relations subcommittee have just been considering a major expansion program for our information services in an effort to minds of millions all over the world, Members on both offset of the alick have visces the need for a moral mobiliztion, a Markhal pian of ideas, a voice of America which is really streng enough to wis the battle for the minds and hearts of men. We are spending many thousands of dollars a year for that purpose in Japan alone. But here in this Chamber this week we are going to have a chance to do first hand what can never be done so effectively over 5,000 miles of occan.

This delegation left Japan 6 weeks ago with the support and approval of General MacArthur and SCAP to attend a special industrial conference at the Moral Re-Armament World Assembly in Caux, Switzerland. They took part with 1,600 delegates from 47 mations.

Perhaps there is no more effective way for us to support our troops in South Kovas than to cement the rivedship of these Far Eastern leaders by our personal welcome to them here in this Clasmber on Priday, remembering that the present struggle is ideological as well as military.

will be a source of the greatest happiness to the people in Japan if we Japanese can rebuild and reconstruct our nation on the same principles that you in America have followed."

Mr. Kuriyama received a standing ovation. (See New York *Times* editorial on Page 33.)

Mr. Kitamura, former Finance Minister, was asked to address the House and also received a standing ovation. (For text of his speech, see Page 36.) Among the audience in the gallery were Members of Parliament from Victoria, Australia, enroute to the World Assembly at Caux. One of them later said, "Then came the most dramatic moment of all, We saw the spokesman for the Japanese nation apologize to the United States and also to the Commonwealth of Australia for the wrongs, suffering and the hearbreak the Japanese nation had caused to these two countries. There was a hush, the most intense silence 1 had ever encountered, because everybody appreciated this was something which very shortly before, no man or woman living, would have thought possible.

"It was history being made. We from Australia realized that in our global problems in the South Pacific we had only looked to our mother country, Britain, and to the United States for assistance – but now we had a third partner in terms of Pacific global strategy."

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(Left) Majority Leader McCormack who with Minority Leader Martin escorted the Diet Members to the floor of the House.

(Right) Speaker Rayburn: "It is my high privilege to welcome on this floor distinguished citizens from Japan."



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Congressman Jack Stally of California haves the stary of Mr. Nakajina (Inft), left wing labor leader and Hinshihan vicine, who lefts have he fond of Cacura an anver for his hittments starowd management and teward America. Yori Mitriu (Injth) translates. At Congressman Shelly's left is Mr. Kinjire Kawashima, Socialis Member of Patformant.



Mr. Yuichi Yuasa, whose battery company employs 3,000, talks intently with Representative Joseph Martin.



AFTER WELCOME IN THE HOUSE: Representatives Jaseph W. Martin, Jr., Prince H. Preston, Jr., who led the bi-partisen Congressional Committee to Caux last year, Charles E. Potter and Daniel J. Flood, are shown on the Capital steps with Diet Members.

### The New York Times

It is sadly true, among nations as among individuals, that the friends of yesterday are not always the friends of today. In compensation, the enemies of vesterday may not be enemies today. Vice President Barkley, receiving a delegation of sixty Japanese officials, business men and labor leaders, could recall a long period of "peace and amity" that preceded the recent war and could hope for another such period. Choiiro Kuriyama, member of the Japanese Diet, could have an attentive hearing as he told the Senate of his regret for Japan's "big mistake" and his recognition of American "forgiveness and generosity." All this in Washington, D. C., on July 28, 1950, a little less than five years after the atomic bombs fell on Hiroshima and Nagasaki.

One thinks back to 1945 and one thinks ahead to some date not yet unveiled. To befriend the Japanese now, to hope the best for them, is not to condone the crimes their leaders committed in their name and with their aid It is merely to make clear that peace and goodwill can return, even after the most terrible events; that though we must continue to hate the evil-doers -who could without shame forgive the butchers of the Nazi internment camps -- we know that no nation is beyond redemption. The word "Russian" has a sinister sound for us today. In God's good time, when today's shadow has passed from the world it may have a pleasing and genial sound.

The Mayors of Hiroshima and Nagasaki were among yesterday's visitors. If they felt that they, too, had something to forgive they had achieved that miracle. For a moment one could see out of the present darkness into the years when all men may be brothers.

Mr. Kuriyama's statement would be hard for an American to understand. (Vec) the idea of a nation admitting that it could be mistaken has a refreshing impact. ... Perhaps even Americans could think up a few past occasions of which it could be safely said, "We certainly foulde things up that time."

> - From Editorial in The Saturday Evening Post



AT THE SUPREME COURT Justice Harold Burton greets Mr. Mochizuki, Chairman Nagasaki City Council,

Justice Burton explains the traditions that made American democracy great,





A wreath for General Washington. The Japanese lay a wreath with flags of Japan and America on the tomb at Mount Vernon.

#### The Washington Post WASBINGTON, SUNDAY, JULY 30, 1930

Receiving a group of Japanese government leaders. Archbishop Patrick A. O'Boyle yesterday praised the Japanese government and people for "the wonderful reception Christianity has received in Japan since the war."

The mayors of Hiroshima and Nagasaki were among the nine callers at the Archbishop's residence. The nine are members of a group of 53 Japanese returning from a moral rearmament conference in Switzerland.

Seven labor leaders in the delegation were received yesterday at CIO headquarters by Allan Haywood, CIO vice president and director of organization.

In the afternoon the entire group visited Mt. Vernon and laid a wreath on George Washington's tomb.

(Below) Mr. William Green, President of the American Federation of Labor receives labor delegates from Japan.




Mr. John Foster Dulles, special advisor to the Secretary of State, talks with delegates at a garden party given for them by the State Department at Prospect House.

## "HISTORIC OPPORTUNITY"

The following is a partial text of the speech of Mr. Tokularo Kitamura, Member of the Japanese Diet, before the House of Representatives in Washington.

"As A REPRESENTATIVE of the Japanese people. Ishould like to express our deepsst regret for the tragic trouble that we have caused to the people of the United States, the people of the European nations, the people of China, and also the people of the Australian nation, representatives of whom are in the gallery today.

"I should like to refer to the deep gratitude the Japanese people have for the material assistance in the form of food and other aid which has been given Japan after the war for her rehabilitation. This is a gesture which indicates the great forgiveness which the United States has, and gives to your aid a moral and spiritual significance by which we, the Japanese people, are deeply moved...

"I wish to express also our deepest appreciation for the quick and effective action that the United States has taken in line with the action taken by the United Nations to forestall the aggresblood of the sons of America is now being shed to protect the freedom of the world, and the Far East, and if we might be permitted, as Japanese, to bow on heads in deepest and humble gratitude and appreciation for this great scriftee that the United States is making, it will be indeed an honor and a privilege for us. "Although Japan is not yet a free member of the family of nations, still we, the Japanese people, would like to do everything in our own present power to support the action now being taken to protect the Far East.

"Japan is now trying to rehabilitate herself... to bring order out of a great confusion typified by the loss of four million homes.

"We had thought that the first step we must take was an economic and material rehabilitation in our nation, but we have discovered that the far greater and far more basic rehabilitation is the establishment of a true moral order in the Far East and in our nation. Only on the basis of this moral order can a true economic order be established.

"It was with this in mind that many of the leaders percenting all phases of life in Japan went to the Asembly at Caux, Switzerhand, and discovered there that the four basic standards set forth by the program for Moral Re-Armament (absolute honesty, purity, unselfshness and love) are the real basis on which a true rehabilitation and reconstruction can be carried out in our mation...

"In closing, I should like once again to express my very deepset gratitude for this great honor and most historic opportunity that has been accorded me to address the Members of the House of Representatives and to express my gratitude to you and to the Speaker of this House." (Applause, the Members trisine.)

- From the Congressional Record.



# DETROIT



THE DELEGATION visited the River Rouge Plant as guests of the Ford Motor Company. During their days visit the members of the delegation were received by Mayor Albert E. Coho, Mr. Joseph M. M. Dodge. President of the Dettoriu Bank, who headed the Dodge mission to Japan, and Mr. Victor Reuther on behalf of the United Automobile Workers (CIO).

MACKINAC



THE JAPANESE visited Mackinac Island, Michigan, in its ninth year as the North American Training Center for Moral Re-Armament. Leadership trained at Mackinas is carrying the fight for inspired democracy around the world. The delegation had conferences with civic, financial and other authorities, and received further training in the practical application of Moral Re-Armament to their country.

# LOS ANGELES

D URING THERE STAY in Los Angeles the group were received by Mayor Fletcher Bowron at the City Hall (below); were entertained at a luncheon by the Clamber of Commerce, the Central Labor Council, the major motion picture studios, and took part in a national radio broadcast on the fifth anniversary of the dropping of the atom bomb on Hiroshima.

Typical of the wide press response was an editorial in the Los Angeles *Herald-Express* (right) which has the largest circulation of any American paper west of the city of Chicago.



Tomorrow 52 representatives of the Japanese people are gathering here in Los Angeles under the auspices of Moral Re-Armament to pledge their support and the support of their country to a force more powerful even than the atom bomb...

<sup>4</sup> Russia today fears the spiritual renaissance which is accompanying the growth of Moral Re-Armament throughout the world more than it does the atom bomb, for Russia realizes, fully, the overwhelming power of ideological warfare.

So it is that even as our fighting men in Korea are giving their lives in the cause of peace, all freedom-loving mankind is organizing, on the ideological front as well as the Korean front to withstand the menace of the false promises of communism.







(Above) At Paramount Studio, Mayor Ohashi of Nagasaki meets Producer Director Cecil B. DeMille.

(Left) Bob Hope with some of the delegates at Paramount on the set of "The Lemon Drop Kid."

(Below) Ginger Rogers and Jack Carson pase at Universal Studios with Labor Leader Daiji loka and Governor Kusunose of Hiroshima, Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer, Warner Brothers and Twentieth Century Fox also entertained delegates.





Mrs. Kobayashi, Mrs. Mrs. Sohma. Mitsui

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nese communities through Japanese communities throughout America—in New York, Chicago, Los Angeles, Fresno and San Francisco—poured out their hospi-tality to the Japanese leaders. A mass planic was given in their honor at Los Angeles' Elysian Park.

### HIROSHIMA DAY BROADCAST

The Goversnoe of California and the Mayor of Los Angeles took part in a special broadcast over the Columbia Broadcasting System on August 6th, the fifth anniversary of the dropping of the atom bomb on Hiroshima. The broadcast was chaired by Dr. Rufus von KleinSmid, Chancellor of the University of Southern California.

Governor Earl Waren velcomed the distinguished visitors to California. Recalling that only five years ago America and Japan were engaged in mortal combat, the Govermaking and their cordial velcome throughout our land are striking examples of what can happen when people's minds are turned toward peace. "He added that since the war "there has been promoted a cooperative spirit which again makes us friends. It is wipe out entirely the nightmare of the past."

Governor Earl Warren.



Mayor Fletcher Bowron, speaking from the World Headquarters of Moral Re-Armament, told the nation: "The aggressors who strike for communism have compelled us again to rearm physically. With ever greater importance for the future of civilization and freedom we are re-arming morally to meet the ideological challenge."



"We are proud to have it known...that Los Angeles is the world headquarters of Moral Re-Armament,"—Mayor Fletcher Bowron.

Mayor Shinzo Hamai of Hiroshima took the occasion to express again the gratitude his people feel for the help they have received from America since the destruction of their city.

"I can still remember that day with stark reality," he continued. "It was like a nightmare. This nightmare has continued in my mind for the past five years. Not only were more than 100,000 liyes smifted out but even at the present rate of reconstruction it will take 80 years to complete rehabilitation. This is a sample of what atomic warfare might be."

He recalled that Dr. Frank Buchman had said at Caux, "Peace is people becoming different." "This hits the nail on the head," said Mayor Hamai. "I for one intend to start this effort from Hiroshima."

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Mrs. Yukika Sohma, daughter of Japaris 29,vear-old librai statesman, Yukio Ozaki, described her impressions of the Caux conference. Speaking in native costume, she said: "At Caux we met leaders from 47 at Caux we met leaders from 47 into to bring a solid cure to world problems. There we saw a family of mations attually at work where differences of racerseded by a greater uniting ideology. There we saw and experienced reconciliation of hearts. We saw human nature change. We saw French and Germans lose their harted



The Mayor of Hiroshima on the fifth anniversary of the dropping of the bomb.

for one another - something absolutely essential to the working out of the Schuman Plan.

"We saw men trained for 25 years in the leadership of the Communist Party find a greater ideology than communism. We saw good but passive men become revolutionary fighters for the remaking of the world under the guidance of God.

"Military leaders told us they had discovered at Caux the secret of morale and ideological training required for the new armies of Western Europe.



"We saw a family of nations...results that only need multiplication." — Mrs. Yasutane Sohma

"We saw the four standards of Moral Re-Armament – absolute honesty, purity, unselfishness and love – become the corner stones of a new world order. We saw that with this new spirit Japan can become reborn and become a nation loved by the rest of the world."

Mr. H. Kenaston Twitchell, who with Mr. Basil Entwistle made the world trip with the Japanese leaders, concluded the broadcast: "Something more than military action is called for in the Far East.... We can win back the territory that has been taken by aggression. But can we win the minds and hearts of the people who live there to the kind of democracy that lasty? Can we give them an ideology for democracy that calls out more daring and sacrifice and passion than communism?

"This is an ideological age and the conflict of ideologies challenges us in America to re-think our own basic faith. Above all this hour of decision challenges us to fight for the regeneration of our own inner life as a nation, so that we match material rearmament with moral rearmament, fight for straight living under the guidance of God."



President A. J. Gock (right) and County Supervisor W. A. Smith (left) with Mayor Hiroshi Ohashi of Nagasaki and Mr. Kitamura after a luncheen given by the Los Angeles Chamber of Commerce at the California Club honoring Japanese delegates.



Daiji loka, on the executive of the Japanese Federation of Labor, pins the Transport Union's badge on Tom Ranford, President of the Los Angeles Central Labor Council. At right is Mr. Nishiki Kato, representing the lobor unions of Japan's Western island, Kyushu.

## ON THE EVE OF DEPARTURE

For six months after Hiroshima, the ife of Katsuji Nakajima hung in the balancd, his hands and legs swollen sometimes to tusice their normal size. Now on the national executive of the left wing light metal workers union, Nakajima lived to make the trip to Caux. As he departed from America he told his story to a group of friends in San Francisco:



Mr. Nakajima being interviewed in San Francisco.

"I was in a room in a farm house just slightly detached from the Gity of Hiroshima just five years ago. I was in a dark room, lying there. There was no light and all around me was the stench of human bodies and the smell of medicine in the late evening. By the time dawn approached several people around me had died.

"As I look back upon that dawn I realize it marked a new era of great promise in Japan. But in spite of that, there are many in Japan who are still dejected and without hope. I was one of them and I had used as my only weapon in the labor movement, the weapon of hatred.

"I went to Caux with harred of the Americans and capitalists as the basis of the philosophy which I fed the union members. But there I began to realize that in this conflict of hate I could not solve the problems of my family nor the problems within my own heart nor the problems of my comrades in labor.

"The experience of removing this hatred was to me even a greater spiritual shock than the physical shock I received at Hiroshima. I know now that this is the only road for Japan and the only road for the world.

"Words are catching in my throat – I do not know just exactly what to say. But I am going to leave tomorrow with the strong faith that our hearts will all be tied together.

"As I arrive in Japan there will be many friends waiting for me, and probably amongst the group awaiting me will be many of my friends who are in the Communist Party. These communist friends will be asking many, many questions – what I saw in the United States. I intend to answer them in this way: Japan and America must be tied together, and how can they be tied together? The Japanese must change more. But undoubtedly America will have to change a bit, too.

"A new ideology will bring together Japan and America. Change and unity – these are the things that will bring about a new relationship between Japan and America and the thing that will bring new unity to the world.

"In one corner of the Orient, blood is being spilled. But please don't forget that a few of us will be also fighting with everything we have for a new ideology, too."

## THE DISTINGUISHED VISITORS

MR. CHOTIRO KURIYAMA Member of the House of Representatives, representing the Liberal Party MR. TOKUTARO KITAMURA Member of the House of Representatives, representing the Democratic Party MR. KINJIRO KAWASHIMA Member of the House of Representatives, representing the Socialist Party MR. TOKUYASU FUKUDA Member of the House of Representatives, representing the Liberal Party MR. YASUHIRU NAKASONE Member of the House of Representatives, representing the Democratic Party MR. AND MRS. SHINICHI HAYAKAWA Member of the House of Councilors (Independent) MR. BUNZO AKAMA Governor of Osaka MR. AND MRS. SACHIO KISHIDA Governor of Hyogo Prefecture MR. TSUNEI KUSUNOSE Governor of Hiroshima Prefecture MR. AND MRS. SOJIRO SUGIYAMA Governor of Nagasaki Prefecture MR. TORAO HAYASHI Governor of Nagano Prefecture MR. IWAKICHI HATTORI Governor of Shiga Prefecture MR. OSAMU AOKI Governor of Mie Prefecture MR. KIYOMARU KAME President, Osaka Prefectural Assembly MR. HEIICHIRO YAMADA President Hyogo Prefectural Assembly MR. TORAZO INOUVE Vice President. Hyogo Prefectural Assembly MR. ROKURO YAMADA Member, Hyogo Prefectural Assembly MR. SHINZO HAMAI Mayor of Hiroshima MR HIROSHI OHASHI Mayor of Nagasaki MR. CHUJIRO HARAGUCHI Mayor of Kobe MR. KUZAEMON MATSUHASHI Mayor of Nagano MR. SEIICHI KAWAMOTO Chairman, Hiroshima City Council MR. SHOSHICHI MOCHIZUKI Chairman, Nagasaki City Council MR. AND MRS. ETTI SUZUKI Chief Osaka Metropolitan Police Bureau MR. KOICHIRO MURATA Chairman, Shiga Prefectural Educational Board MR. TAIZO ISHIZAKA President, Tokyo Shibaura Electric Co.

MR. NAOKAZU ISHIGURO Chief. Public Relations Department, Tokyo Shibaura Electric Co. MR. SOZABURO CHIGURA President, Chivoda Bank MR. AND MRS. KO SUZUKI President, Osaka Bank Mr. TORAICHI LIUIN Managing Director, Tokyo Bank MR. GEN HIROSE President, Japan Life Insurance Co. MR. AND MRS. YONEZO KOBAYASHI Managing Director. Keihanshin Express Railway Co. MR. HARUE YAMANE President, Taisho Marine and Fire Insurance Co. MR. SOICHIRO OHARA President, Kurashiki Rayon Co. MR. YUICHI YUASA President, Yuasa Battery Co. MR. KINOSHI ICHIMURA President, Sanai Department Store MR. AND MRS. YASUTANE SOHMA President, Koshin Co. MR. SHOICHI ENAMI Managing Director, Kobe Management Association MR. DAI H IOKA Chairman Osaka Municipal Workers' Union MR. NISHIKI KATO Representative, Kyushu Labor Unions MR. KATSUTI NAKATIMA Executive Light Metal Workers' Union MR. JUNICHI WADA Shiga Prefecture Employees' Union MR. MARUMICHI SHIMOTAKA Metal Workers' Union MR. AND MRS. TAKASUMI MITSUI Chairman, Mitsui Foundation MR. TAKAYORI MITSUI Youth Representative MR. YOSHIYUKI KANAGAWA Chief, General Affairs Section, Japan Broadcasting Corporation MR. YOSHIO TAKAHARA Special Adviser, National Resources Section, GHO, SCAP MR. SEN NISHIYAMA Special Adviser, Civil Communications Section, GHO, SCAP MISS TONEKO KIMURA Youth Representative MR. GORO SAKURAI Youth Representative MISS TOKIKO SEKI Youth Representative DR. TOYO SOHMA

Youth Representative

This MISSION was made possible through the unique experience gained in Moral Re-Armament over a quarter of a century in equipping democracy with a fighting faith. The energy and devotion of many people were poured into this mission in the belief that far-reaching results could come from the fulfillment of its purpose.

The mission underlined the need for the free world to understand its true ideology and learn how to make it universal coimage in the world market of ideas. It believed that as men lived out that ideology with inspiration and courage it could supply a passion, philosophy and plan to answer communism and as a companion strategy to military and economic action insure the fluture of free men everywhere.

This mission was financed in large part by the members of the delegation themselves. A considerable share of the expenses was carried by the sacrific of people who opened their homes and their hearts to these representatives of the new Japan. An American girl whose father died lighting the Japanese in the last war sold her jewelry, others gave their swings. Many sacrificed in order that the cenemics of yesterday could become the friends of today and that Japan could be a fortress for freedom in Asia.

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